

## TRANSFERRIN – APO (LOW IRON)

Abbreviations	Tf			
Product Code	T100-5			
Source	Normal human serum/plasma from US sourced screened blood donations from licensed donor collection sites. Tested to be Mycoplasma free.			
Uses	Designed for use as a supplemental reagent in cell culture including tissue culture, stem cell culture and serum free media. Not for direct in vivo use.			
Protein Function	Human Transferrin is a major iron binding glycoprotein and serves as the transport protein for iron delivery in the body. Each molecule of transferrin specifically binds two Fe <sup>3+</sup> molecules through a bicarbonate mediated site specific binding. The iron content can be adjusted to give near 100% saturation to yield holo-transferrin (T101-5) iron 1200–1700 ug/gm or depleted to give near zero iron bound to yield apo-transferrin (T100-5) iron < 50ug/gm protein. Transferrin is a natural and essential component for cell growth in tissue culture where it is used as an additive for serum free media to propagate cell growth. In culture media, Transferrin has a secondary role to bind endogenous metal ions which may cause cell toxicity.			
Tissue Occurrence & Abundance	Plasma concentration of transferrin is 2–3.2g/l, this is reduced somewhat in pregnancy. Transferrin is a major constituent of plasma and found in all body organs. Transferrin is primarily synthesised in the liver and to a small extent in the brain.			
Function in Cell Culture	Transferrin is an iron transport and delivery protein which promotes cell growth, the Apo form allows controlled addition of iron salts. Apo Transferrin is stabilised by iron binding and readily absorbs iron into its empty binding sites. It can be used to reduce iron load in iron rich media and balance the media.			
Presentation	Single homogenous batch, heat treated at $62^{\circ}C \pm 2^{\circ}C$ for 10 hours and lyophilised from 0.2µm filtered solution. May contain traces of buffer salts.			
Structure	Molecular weight77,000 Two lobes each with an iron binding domain 3Amino acids698Disulphide bonds19pH value(s)5.1-6.1Prosthetic groupNoneGlycosylationSialic acidOligomerisationNoneIsoforms5 Isoforms with different levels of glycosylation			
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**CELL CULTURE REAGENT** 



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(LOW IRON)
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References	<ol> <li>McGillivray R.T.A., Mendez E., Shewale J.G., Sinha S.K., Lineback-Zins J., Brew K. The primary structure of human serum transferrin. The structures of seven cyanogen bromide fragments and the assembly of the complete structure. J. Biol. Chem. 258:3543-3553 (1983)</li> <li>Crichton RR, Charloteaux-Wauters M (1987). Iron transport and storage. Eur. J. Biochem. 164 (3): 485–506</li> <li>Aisen P, Leibman A, Zweier J (March 1978). Stoichiometric and site characteristics of the binding of iron to human transferrin. J. Biol. Chem. 253 (6): 1930–7</li> </ol>				
Biological Activity	EC <sub>50</sub> = 0.537-0.845 µg/ml when externally tested and verified in a Chinese Hamster Ovary (CHO) cell proliferation assay.				
Nominal Purity	>98% (Determined by coomassie blue stained SDS-PAGE and Cellulose Acetate Electrophoresis)				
Iron content	<50ppm (Iron estimated by ICP)				
Endotoxin	≤ 1 EU/mg by LAL assay				
Stability & Formulation	Supplied lyophilised – Store at 2–8°C – Do not freeze				
Coomassie stained SDD-PAGE					
EPR spectral analysis	4.27 9.28 600 1100 1600 2100 2600 3100 3600 4100 Magnetic field, Gauss				

## ORDERING DETAILS - USE THE FOLLOWING CODES WHEN ORDERING

	Product	Code	Description			
	Human Transferrin (Apo)	T100-5	>98% Pure   supplied lyophilised   sourced from human serum/plasma			
Related Products Code						
-	Human Transferrin (Holo)		T101-5 ++			
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	<b>Order a sample today</b> sales@bbisolutions.com Int: +44 (0) 1495 363 000 USA: 1-207-797-5454 China: +860216 1042216					
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